



# IR-2016-40: Consumer Alert: Scammers Change Tactics, Once Again

Internal Revenue Service (IRS) sent this bulletin at 03/14/2016 11:40 AM EDT



IRS Newswire March 14, 2016

**News Essentials** 

What's Hot

**News Releases** 

IRS - The Basics

**IRS Guidance** 

**Media Contacts** 

Facts & Figures

**Around The Nation** 

e-News Subscriptions

### The Newsroom Topics

Multimedia Center

Noticias en Español

Radio PSAs

Tax Scams

The Tax Gap

**Fact Sheets** 

**IRS Tax Tips** 

**Armed Forces** 

**Latest News Home** 

Issue Number: IR-2016-40
Inside This Issue

# Consumer Alert: Scammers Change Tactics, Once Again

### IRS YouTube Video

- Tax Scams: English | Spanish | ASL
- Security Summit Identity Theft Tips Overview:
   English
- Be Cautious When Using Wi-Fi: English
- Update Your Password Regularly: English

WASHINGTON — Aggressive and threatening phone calls by criminals impersonating IRS agents remain a major threat to taxpayers, but now the IRS is receiving new reports of scammers calling under the guise of verifying tax return information over the phone.

The latest variation being seen in the last few weeks tries to play off the current tax season. Scam artists call saying they have your tax return, and they just need to verify a few details to process your return. The scam tries to get you to give up personal information such as a Social Security number or personal financial information, such as bank numbers or credit cards.

"These schemes continue to adapt and evolve in an attempt to catch people off guard just as they are preparing their tax returns," said IRS Commissioner John

### **IRS Resources**

**Compliance & Enforcement** 

Contact My Local Office

Filing Options

Forms & Pubs

**Frequently Asked Questions** 

**News** 

Taxpayer Advocate

Where to File

IRS Social Media

Koskinen. "Don't be fooled. The IRS won't be calling you out of the blue asking you to verify your personal tax information or aggressively threatening you to make an immediate payment."

The IRS reminds taxpayers to guard against all sorts of con games that continually change. The IRS, the states and the tax industry came together in 2015 and launched a public awareness campaign called <a href="Taxes.">Taxes.</a>. Security. Together. to help educate taxpayers about the need to maintain security online and to recognize and avoid "phishing" and other schemes.

The IRS continues to hear reports of phone scams as well as e-mail phishing schemes across the country.

"These schemes touch people in every part of the country and in every walk of life. It's a growing list of people who've encountered these. I've even gotten these calls myself," Koskinen said.

This January, the Treasury Inspector General for Tax Administration (TIGTA) announced they have received reports of roughly 896,000 phone scam contacts since October 2013 and have become aware of over 5,000 victims who have collectively paid over \$26.5 million as a result of the scam. Just this year, the IRS has seen a 400 percent increase in phishing schemes.

### Protect Yourself

Scammers make unsolicited calls claiming to be IRS officials. They demand that the victim pay a bogus tax bill. They con the victim into sending cash, usually through a prepaid debit card or wire transfer. They may also leave "urgent" callback requests through phone "robo-calls," or via a phishing email. They've even begun politely asking taxpayers to verify their identity over the phone.

Many phone scams use threats to intimidate and bully a victim into paying. They may even threaten to arrest, deport or revoke the license of their victim if they don't get the money.

Scammers often alter caller ID numbers to make it look like the IRS or another agency is calling. The callers use IRS titles and fake badge numbers to appear legitimate. They may use the victim's name, address and other personal information to make the call sound official.

Here are some things the scammers often do but the IRS

will not do. Any one of these five things is a tell-tale sign of a scam.

### The IRS will never:

- Call to demand immediate payment over the phone, nor will the agency call about taxes owed without first having mailed you several bills.
- Call or email you to verify your identity by asking for personal and financial information.
- Demand that you pay taxes without giving you the opportunity to question or appeal the amount they say you owe.
- Require you to use a specific payment method for your taxes, such as a prepaid debit card.
- Ask for credit or debit card numbers over the phone or email.
- Threaten to immediately bring in local police or other law-enforcement groups to have you arrested for not paying.

If you get a phone call from someone claiming to be from the IRS and asking for money or to verify your identity, here's what you should do:

# If you don't owe taxes, or have no reason to think that you do:

- Do not give out any information. Hang up immediately.
- Contact TIGTA to report the call. Use their "IRS <u>Impersonation Scam Reporting</u>" web page. You can also call 800-366-4484.
- Report it to the Federal Trade Commission. Use the "FTC Complaint Assistant" on FTC.gov. Please add "IRS Telephone Scam" in the notes.

## If you know you owe, or think you may owe tax:

 Call the IRS at 800-829-1040. IRS workers can help you.

Stay alert to scams that use the IRS as a lure. Tax scams can happen any time of year, not just at tax time. For more, visit "Tax Scams and Consumer Alerts" on IRS.gov.

Each and every taxpayer has a set of fundamental rights they should be aware of when dealing with the IRS. These are your <u>Taxpayer Bill of Rights</u>. Explore your rights and our obligations to protect them on IRS.gov.

# Back to Top Thank you for subscribing to the IRS Newswire, an IRS e-mail service. If you know someone who might want to subscribe to this mailing list, please forward this message to them so they can subscribe. This message was distributed automatically from the mailing list IRS Newswire. Please Do Not Reply To This Message.

